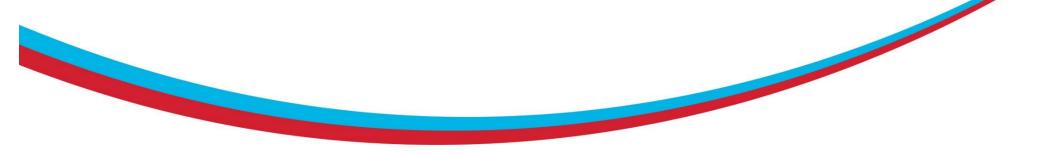


Curriculum Development Document

PSHE







At Howley Grange we strive to ensure that our curriculum enables all children to gain the wisdom and courage to make positive choices now, and in their futures.

Howley Grange is committed to providing children with an ambitious curriculum that is broad and balanced. We recognise the upmost importance of ensuring children gain fundamental literacy and numeracy skills and that they have opportunities to develop their individual interests and specialisms in a wide variety of subjects.

Staff plan key questions to encourage the use of enquiry, as well as focus on the acquisition and application of key subject knowledge, concepts and vocabulary throughout our school. Our curriculum is designed to help learners to remember the content they are taught in the long term and to integrate new knowledge into larger concepts. Parents, staff and most importantly our children tell us that they enjoy their learning and are eager to find out about the topics and themes, often choosing to take their learning beyond the classroom.



DfE Guidance

Personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education is an important and necessary part of all pupils' education. All schools should teach PSHE, drawing on good practice, and this expectation is outlined in the introduction to the proposed new national curriculum.

PSHE is a non-statutory subject. To allow teachers the flexibility to deliver high-quality PSHE we consider it unnecessary to provide new standardised frameworks or programmes of study. PSHE can encompass many areas of study. Teachers are best placed to understand the needs of their pupils and do not need additional central prescription.

Relationships and sex education (RSE) is an important part of PSHE education. Relationships education is compulsory for all primary school pupils, and relationships and sex education (RSE) is compulsory for all secondary school pupils.

PSHE Association

Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education is a school subject through which pupils develop the knowledge, skills and attributes they need to manage their lives, now and in the future. It helps children and young people to stay healthy and safe, while preparing them to make the most of life and work. When taught well, PSHE education also helps pupils to achieve their academic potential. Most of PSHE education becomes statutory for all schools from September 2020 under the Children and Social Work Act 2017. This includes Relationships Education and Health Education at key stages 1 and 2. The Department for Education published Statutory Guidance for Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education in June 2019. This sets out what schools must cover from September 2020 (though not all they should cover as part of broader PSHE education). This updated edition of the PSHE Association Programme of Study for PSHE education will support schools to provide a comprehensive programme that integrates, but is not limited to, this statutory content. A broader PSHE programme should also cover economic wellbeing, careers and enterprise education, as well as education for personal safety, including assessing and managing risk.

This Programme of Study sets out learning opportunities, based on three core themes:

CORE THEME 1: HEALTH AND WELLBEINGCORE THEME 2: RELATIONSHIPSCORE THEME 3: LIVING IN THE WIDER WORLD



Overview of PSHE curriculum

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	What is the same and different about us?	Who is special to us?	What helps us stay healthy?	What can we do with money?	Who helps to keep us safe?	How can we look after each other and the world?
Year 2	What makes a good friend?	What is bullying?	What jobs do people do?	What helps us to stay safe?	What helps us grow and stay healthy?	How do we recognise our feelings?
Year 3	How can we be a good friend?	What keeps us safe?	What are families like?	What makes a community?	Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?	Why should we keep active and sleep well?
Year 4	What strengths, skills and interests do we have?	How do we treat each other with respect?	How can we manage our feelings?	How can we help in an accident or emergency?	How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment?	How can we manage risk in different places?
Year 5	What makes up a person's identity?	What decisions can people make with money?	How will we change and grow?	How can friends communicate safely?	How can drugs common to everyday life affect health?	What jobs would we like?
Year 6	How can we keep healthy as we grow?		How can the media influence people?		What will change as we become more independent? How do friendships change as we grow?	

Relationships

Health and Wellbeing

Living in the Wider World

4

Year 1	What is the same and different about us?	Who is special to us?
	 what they like/dislike and are good at what makes them special and how everyone has different strengths how their personal features or qualities are unique to them how they are similar or different to others, and what they have in common to use the correct names for the main parts of the body, including external genitalia; and that parts of bodies covered with underwear are private 	 that family is one of the groups they belong to, as well as, for example, school, friends, clubs about the different people in their family / those that love and care for them what their family members, or people that are special to them, do to make them feel loved and cared for how families are all different but share common features – what is the same and different about them about different features of family life, including what families do / enjoy together that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them feel unhappy or worried
Year 2	What makes a good friend?	What is bullying?
	 -how to make friends with others -how to recognise when they feel lonely and what they could do about it -how people behave when they are being friendly and what makes a good friend -how to resolve arguments that can occur in friendships -how to ask for help if a friendship is making them unhappy 	 -how words and actions can affect how people feel -how to ask for and give/not give permission regarding physical contact and how to respond if physical contact makes them uncomfortable or unsafe -why name-calling, hurtful teasing, bulling and deliberately excluding others is unacceptable -how to respond if this happens in different situations -how to report bullying or other hurtful behaviour, including online, to

a trusted adult and the importance of doing so

Relationships Medium Term Planning: Key Stage One



Health and Wellbeing Medium Term Planning: Key Stage One

Year 1	What helps us stay healthy?		Who helps to keep us safe?	
	-what being healthy means and who helps help the parent, dentist, doctor)	m to stay healthy (e.g.	•that people have different roles in the community to help them (and others) keep safe - the jobs they do and how they help people	
	-that things people put into or onto their bodies ca	n affect how they feel	•who can help them in	different places and situations; how to attract
	-how medicines (including vaccinations and immun		someone's attention or	ask for help; what to say
	stay healthy and that some people need to take me	edicines every day to stay		to adults they don't know
	healthy		_	unsafe or worried for themselves or others; and the
	-why hygiene is important and how simple hygiene from being passed on	routines can stop germs		on asking for support until they are heard
	-what they can do to take care of themselves on a d	daily basis og brushing		re is an accident and someone is hurt,
	teeth and hair, hand washing		including how to dial 99	99 in an emergency and what to say
Year 2	How do we recognise our feelings?	What helps us to stay sa	fe?	What can help us grow and stay healthy?
	 -how to recognise, name and describe a range of feelings -what helps them to feel good, or better if not feeling good -how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group) -how feelings can affect people in their bodies and their behaviour -ways to manage big feelings and the importance of sharing their feelings with someone they trust -how to recognise when they might need help with feelings and how to ask for help when they need it 	 -how rules and restriction keep safe (e.g. basic road safety; in relation to meet products and online) -how to identify risky and situations (in familiar and environments, including to avoid or remove them -how to resist pressure to makes them feel unsafe including keeping secrets -how not everything they trustworthy and that peet someone they are not -how to tell a trusted add for themselves or others something is unsafe or if something that scares or 	d, fire, cycle, water dicines/ household d potentially unsafe d unfamiliar online) and take steps iselves from them o do something that or uncomfortable, s y see online is true or ople can pretend to be ult if they are worried , worried that they come across	 -that different things help their bodies to be healthy, including food and drink, physical activity, sleep and rest -that eating and drinking too much sugar can affect their health, including dental health -how to be physically active and how much rest and sleep they should have everyday -that there are different ways to learn and play; how to know when to take a break from screen-time -how sunshine helps bodies to grow and how to keep safe and well in the sun

Living in the Wider World Medium Term Planning: Key Stage One

Year 1	What can we do with money?	How can we look after each other and the world?
	 -what money is - that money comes in different forms -how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents) -how people make choices about what to do with money, including spending and saving -the difference between needs and wants - that people may not always be able to have the things they want how to keep money safe and the different ways of doing this 	 -how kind and unkind behaviour can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively -the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom -how people and animals need to be looked after and cared for -what can harm the local and global environment; how they and others can help care for it -how people grow and change and how people's needs change as they grow from young to old -how to manage change when moving to a new class/year group
Year 2	What jobs do people do?	now to manage enange when moving to a new class/year group
	 -how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they need and want -about a range of different jobs, including those done by people they know or people who work in their community -how people have different strengths and interests that enable them to do different jobs -how people use the internet and digital devices in their jobs and everyday life 	

<u>Relationships</u> Key Stage Two: Middle Years Progression

Year 3	How can we be a good friend?	What are families like?			
	 -how friendships support wellbeing and the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded -how to recognise if others are feeling lonely and excluded and strategies to include them 	<u>-</u> how families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents) -how common features of positive family life often include shared			
	-how to build good friendships, including identifying qualities that	experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays			
	contribute to positive friendships	-how people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this			
		-how to ask for help or advice if family relationships are making them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe			
Year 4	How do we treat each other with respect?				
 -how people's behaviour affects themselves and others, including online -how to model being polite and courteous in different situations and recognise the respectful behaviour they sl -about the relationship between rights and responsibilities -about the right to privacy and how to recognise when a confidence or secret should be kept (such as a nice bir about) or not agreed to and when to tell (e.g. if someone is being upset or hurt) -the rights that children have and why it is important to protect these -that everyone should feel included, respected and not discriminated against; how to respond if they witness or discrimination 		cognise the respectful behaviour they should receive in return secret should be kept (such as a nice birthday surprise everyone will find out or hurt)			
	-how to respond to aggressive or inappropriate behaviour (including online and unwanted physical contact) – how to report concerns				

Health and Wellbeing Key Stage Two: Middle Years Progression

Year 3	What keeps us safe?		Why should we eat w teeth?	ell and look after our	Why should we keep active and sleep well?	
	-how to recognise hazards that may call or injury and what they should do to re- and keep themselves (or others) safe -how to help keep their body protected safe, e.g. wearing a seatbelt, protective clothing and stabilizers -that their body belongs to them and se not be hurt or touched without their permission; what to do and who to te feel uncomfortable -how to recognise and respond to pre- something that makes them feel uns uncomfortable (including online) -how everyday health and hygiene rul routines help people stay safe and hea (including how to manage the use of medicines, such as for allergies and as and other household products, respor- how to react and respond if there is a and how to deal with minor injuries e- grazes, burns -what to do in an emergency, includin help and speaking to the emergency s	educe risk ed and re should Il if they ssure to do afe or es and althy thma, nsibly) in accident g. scratches, g calling for		shing and flossing) and ular visits to the inced diet can affect gar/acidic drinks on bices about including who ese e to ask for healthy	feelings -how to be a how to balar activities -how to mak including wh -how the lac and wellbeir -how lack of mood and si quality sleep -how to seel	sleep can affect the body and mple routines that support good
Year 4	What strengths, skills and interests do we have?	How can we r	nanage our feelings?	How can we help in an emergency?	accident or	How can we manage risk in different places?
	-how to recognise personal qualities and individuality	feelings -how feelings	y things can affect change over be experienced	-how to carry out basic including for burns, sca bleeds, choking, asthm allergic reactions	lds, cuts,	-how to recognise, predict, assess and manage risk in different situations

-to develop self-worth by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements -how their personal attributes, strengths, skills and interests contribute to their self-esteem -how to set goals for themselves -how to manage when there are set- backs, learn from mistakes and reframe unhelpful thinking	at different levels of intensity -the importance of expressing feelings and how they can be expressed in different ways -how to respond proportionately to, and manage, feelings in different circumstances -ways of managing feelings at times of loss, grief and change -how to access advice and support to help manage their own or others' feelings	-that if someone has experienced a head injury, they should not be moved -when it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help	 -how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about) -how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by a desire for peer approval; -how to manage this influence -how people's online actions can impact on other people how to keep safe online, including managing requests for personal information and recognising what is appropriate to share or not share online -how to report concerns, including about inappropriate online content and contact -that rules, restrictions and laws exist to help people keep safe and how to respond if they become
			-that rules, restrictions and laws

Living in the Wider World Key Stage Two: Middle Years Progression

Year 3	What makes a community?
	-how families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents)
	-how common features of positive family life often include shared experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays
	-how people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this
	-how to ask for help or advice if family relationships are making them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe
Year 4	How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment?
	-how people have a shared responsibility to help protect the world around them -how everyday choices can affect the environment
	-how what people choose to buy or spend money on can affect others or the environment (e.g. Fairtrade, single use plastics, giving to charity)
	-the skills and vocabulary to share their thoughts, ideas and opinions in discussion about topical issues
	-how to show care and concern for others (people and animals)
	-how to carry out personal responsibilities in a caring and compassionate way



<u>Relationships</u> Key Stage Two: Upper Years Progression

Year 5	How can friends communicate safely?
· cu · c	-about the different types of relationships people have in their lives
	-how friends and family communicate together; how the internet and social media can be used positively
	-how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face-to-face
	-how to recognise risk in relation to friendships and keeping safe
	-about the types of content (including images) that is safe to share online; ways of seeking and giving consent before images or personal
	information is shared with friends or family
	-how to respond if a friendship is making them feel worried, unsafe or uncomfortable
	-how to ask for help or advice and respond to pressure, inappropriate contact or concerns about personal safety
Year 6	What will change as we become more independent?
i cui o	How do friendships change as we grow?
	-about puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams
	-how puberty can affect emotions and feelings
	-how personal hygiene routines change during puberty
	-how to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty
	-that people have different kinds of relationships in their lives, including romantic or intimate relationships
	-that people who are attracted to and love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith; the way couples care for one another -that adults can choose to be part of a committed relationship or not, including marriage or civil partnership
	-that marriage should be wanted equally by both people and that forcing someone to marry against their will is a crime
	-how puberty relates to growing from childhood to adulthood
	-about the reproductive organs and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for
	-how growing up and becoming more independent comes with increased opportunities and responsibilities
	-how friendships may change as they grow and how to manage this
	-how to manage change, including moving to secondary school; how to ask for support or where to seek further information and advice
	regarding growing up and changing
L	

Year 5	What makes up our identity?	How will we grow and change?	How can drugs common to everyday life affect health?
	 -how to recognise and respect similarities and differences between people and what they have in common with others -that there are a range of factors that contribute to a person's identity (e.g. ethnicity, family, faith, culture, gender, hobbies, likes/dislikes) -how individuality and personal qualities make up someone's identity (including that gender identity is part of personal identity and for some people does not correspond with their biological sex) -about stereotypes and how they are not always accurate, and can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others -how to challenge stereotypes and assumptions about others 	-about puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing. -how puberty can affect emotions and feelings -how personal hygiene routines change during puberty -how to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty	 -how drugs common to everyday life (including smoking/vaping nicotine, alcohol, caffeine and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing -that some drugs are legal (but may have laws or restrictions related to them) and other drugs are illegal -how laws surrounding the use of drugs exist to protect them and others -why people choose to use or not use different drugs -how people can prevent or reduce the risks associated with them -that for some people, drug use can become a habit which is difficult to break -how organisations help people to stop smoking and the support available to help people if they have concerns about any drug use -how to ask for help from a trusted adult if they have any worries or concerns about drugs
Year 6	How can we keep healthy as we grow?		
-how mental and physical health are linked how positive friendships and being involved in activities such as clubs and community -how to make choices that support a healthy, balanced lifestyle including: »how to plan a healthy meal »how to stay physically active »how to stay physically active »how to maintain good dental health, including oral hygiene, food and drink of »how to benefit from and stay safe in the sun »how and why to balance time spent online with other activities »how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; the effects of poor sleep; strateg »how to manage the influence of friends and family on health choices		y, balanced lifestyle including: n, including oral hygiene, food and drink choices n the sun t online with other activities lifestyle; the effects of poor sleep; strategies tha	

Health and Wellbeing Key Stage Two: Upper Years Progression

-that habits can be healthy or unhealthy; strategies to help change or break an unhealthy habit or take up a new healthy one
-how legal and illegal drugs (legal and illegal) can affect health and how to manage situations involving them
-how to recognise early signs of physical or mental ill-health and what to do about this, including whom to speak to in and outside school
-that health problems, including mental health problems, can build up if they are not recognised, managed, or if help is not sought early on
-that anyone can experience mental ill-health and to discuss concerns with a trusted adult
-that mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed with the right strategies and support

Living in the Wider World Key Stage Two: Upper Years Progression

Year 5	What decisions can people make with money?	What jobs would we like?		
	-how people make decisions about spending and saving money and what influences them	-that there is a broad range of different jobs and people often have more than one during their careers and over their lifetime		
	-how to keep track of money so people know how much they have to spend or save	-that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be voluntary (unpaid)		
	-how people make choices about ways of paying for things they want and need (e.g. from current accounts/savings; store	-about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs		
	card/ credit cards; loans) -how to recognise what makes something 'value for money' and	-that there are different ways into jobs and careers, including college, apprenticeships and university		
	what this means to them -that there are risks associated with money (it can be won, lost	-how people choose a career/job and what influences their decision, including skills, interests and pay		
	or stolen) and how money can affect people's feelings and emotions	-how to question and challenge stereotypes about the types of jobs people can do		
		-how they might choose a career/job for themselves when they are older, why they would choose it and what might influence their decisions		
Year 6	How can the media influence people?			
	-how the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing – their thoughts, feelings and actions that not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images			
	-that mixed messages in the media exist (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions			
	-how text and images can be manipulated or invented; strategies to recognise this			
	 -to evaluate how reliable different types of online content and media are, e.g. videos, blogs, news, reviews, adverts -to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online and what to do about it 			
	-how information is ranked, selected, targeted to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and can be used to influence them -how to make decisions about the content they view online or in the media and know if it is appropriate for their age range			
	-how to respond to and if necessary, report information viewed online which is upsetting, frightening or untrue			
	-to recognise the risks involved in gambling related activities, what might influence somebody to gamble and the impact it might have -to discuss and debate what influences people's decisions, taking into consideration different viewpoints			